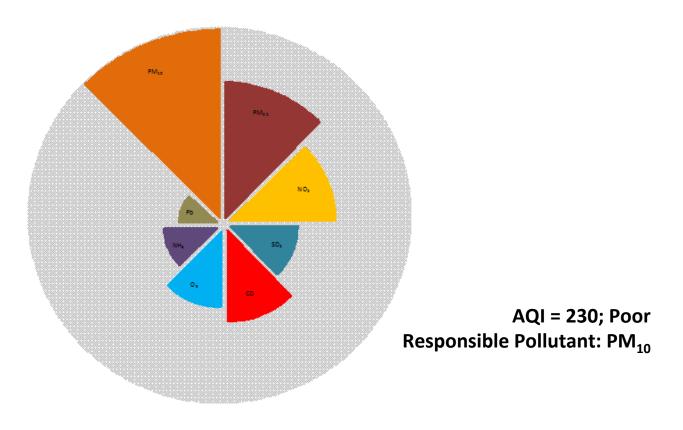
National Air Quality Index

(How healthy is the air we breathe?)





Indian Institute of Technology Kanpur, Kanpur



Sponsored by Central Pollution Control Board, Delhi

Are we affected by poor AQ?

- The very young are at risk
 - Lungs are not fully developed
 - Faster breathing rate: more air volume/body weight
- The very old are at risk
 - Undiagnosed lung or heart diseases
 - Pollution can exacerbate these conditions
- Persons with chronic illnesses: Respiratory, circulatory, or cardiac diseases
- ✓ Yes, EVERYONE!
- Even healthy persons can be affected when they exercise outdoors, or if the concentration of pollutants is very high



How do we know if Air Quality is poor?

AQI is an overall scheme that transforms individual air pollutant (e.g. SO_2 , CO, PM_{10}) levels into a single number, which is a simple and lucid description of air quality for the citizens.

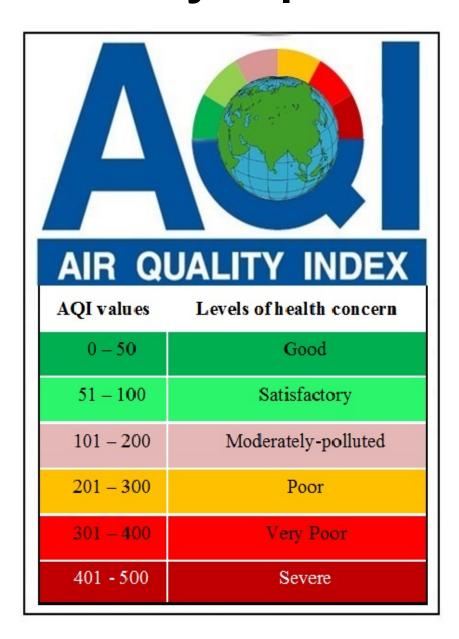
AQI relates to health impacts and citizens can avoid the unnecessary exposure to air pollutants;

AQI indicates compliance with National Air Quality Standards;

AQI prompts local authorities to take quick actions to improve air quality;

AQI guides policy makers to take broad decisions; and

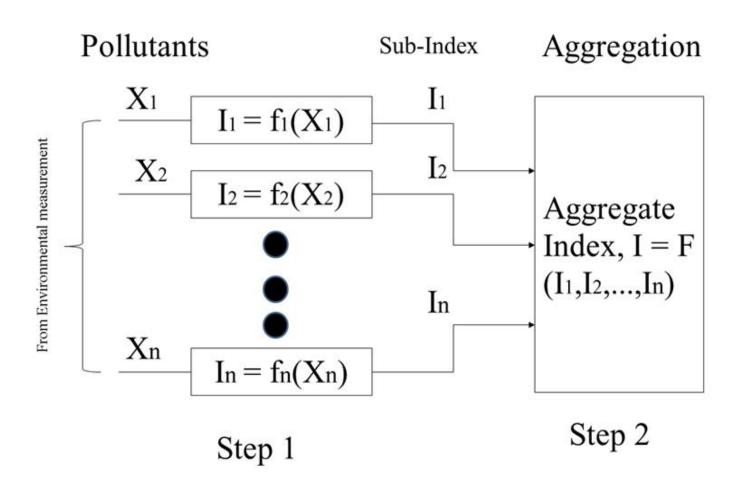
AQI encourages citizens to participate in air quality management.



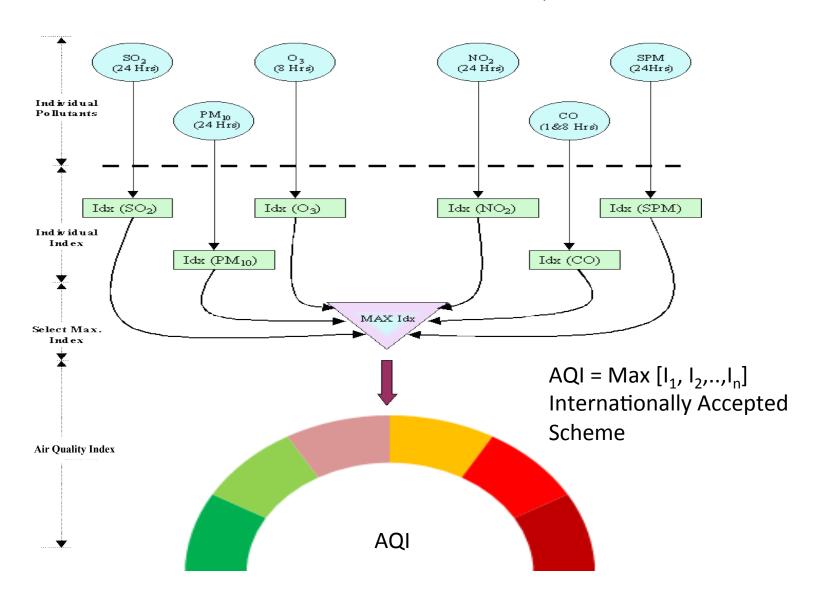
Pollutants Considered for AQI and Air Quality Standards

Pollutant	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	(O_3	CO (1	ng/m³)	Pb	NH ₃
Averaging time (hr)	24	24	24	24	1	8	1	8	24	24
Indian Standard (μg/m³)	80	80	60	100	180	100	4	2	1	400

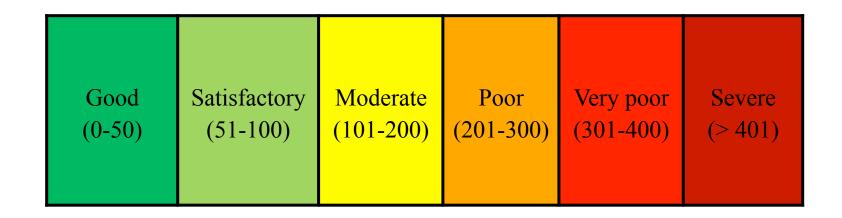
Development of Aggregate AQI



Sub-indices to AQI



AQI Categories and Range



[Colour, Category, AQI Number]

AQI categories and breakpoint concentrations with averaging times (units: $\mu g/m^3$ unless mentioned otherwise)

AQI Category	PM_{10}	PM _{2.5}	NO_2	O_3	CO	SO ₂	NH ₃	Pb
(Range)	24-hr	24-hr	24-hr	8-hr	8-hr	24-hr	24-hr	24-hr
					(mg/m^3)			
Good (0-50)	0-50	0-30	0-40	0-50	0-1.0	0-40	0-200	0-0.5
Satisfactory	51-100	31-60	41-80	51-100	1.1-2.0	41-80	201-400	0.6 - 1.0
(51-100)								
Moderate	101-250	61-90	81-180	101-168	2.1- 10	81-380	401-800	1.1-2.0
(101-200)								
Poor	251-350	91-120	181-280	169-208	10.1-17	381-800	801-1200	2.1-3.0
(201-300)								
Very poor	351-430	121-250	281-400	209-748*	17.1-34	801-1600	1201-1800	3.1-3.5
(301-400)								
Severe	430 +	250+	400+	748+*	34+	1600+	1800+	3.5+
(401-500)								

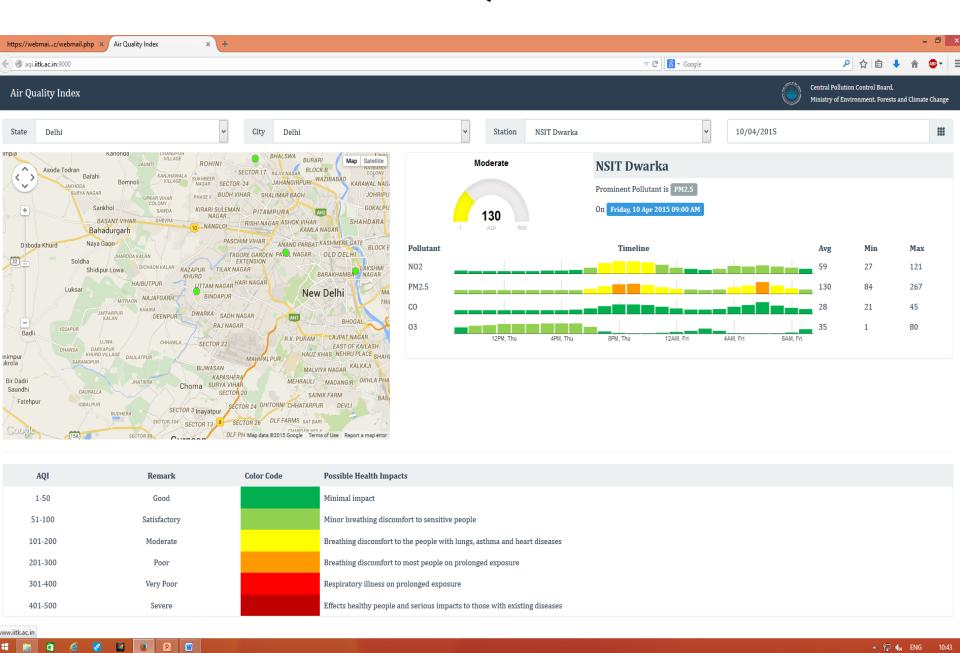
^{*}One hourly monitoring (for mathematical calculation only)

AQI: Health Impacts

AQI	Possible Health Impacts
Good	minimal impact
Satisfactory	minor breathing discomfort to sensitive people
Moderate	breathing discomfort to the people with lung disease such as asthma and discomfort to people with heart disease, children and older adults
Poor	breathing discomfort to people on prolonged exposure and discomfort to people with heart disease with short exposure
Very Poor	respiratory illness to the people on prolonged exposure. Effect may be more pronounced in people with lung and heart diseases
Severe	respiratory effects even on healthy people and serious health impacts on people with lung/heart diseases

The higher the AQI, greater the air pollution and health concerns

Web-based AQI dissemination



Summary

- AQI: Based on Indian Air Quality Standards
- Important tool for public information and participation; real-time and transparent
- Public health protection
- Trigger actions by regulatory agencies
- Time-bound action plan and implementation
- Continuous monitoring of Air Quality status

